

2025 Annual Drinking Water System Summary Report

Beachville Drinking Water System

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Oxford County (the County) prepares a report summarizing system operation and water quality for every municipal drinking water system annually. The reports detail information required for Annual Reports and Summary Reports under Ontario Regulation (O. Reg.) 170/03 of the *Safe Drinking Water Act*, 2002 including the latest water quality testing results, water quantity statistics and any adverse conditions that may have occurred for the previous year. They are available for review by the end of February on the County website at www.oxfordcounty.ca/services-for-you/water-wastewater/drinking-water/ or by contacting the Public Works Department.

All efforts have been made to ensure the information presented in this report is accurate. If you have any questions or comments concerning the report, please contact the County at the address and phone number listed below or by email at water@oxfordcounty.ca.

Drinking Water System:	Beachville Drinking Water System
Drinking Water System Number:	220000674
Reporting Period:	January 1, 2025 – December 31, 2025

Drinking Water System Owner & Contact Information:

Oxford County Public Works Department - Water Services

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1.1 System Description

The Beachville Drinking Water System (DWS) is a small municipal water system as defined by O. Reg. 170/03 and serves a population of approximately 220 people. The system consists of one well that is secure groundwater. The water is treated with sodium hypochlorite for disinfection and in 2025, approximately 330 L of the chemical was used in the water treatment process. This chemical is certified to meet standards set by the Standards Council of Canada or American National Standards Institute.

The treatment facility houses pumps, monitoring equipment and a 40 m³ underground reservoir. A standby generator is available to run the facility in the event of a power failure. The system is maintained by licensed water system operators, who operate treatment and monitoring equipment and collect samples as specified by O. Reg. 170/03. Alarms automatically notify operators in the event of failure of critical operational requirements. Beachville DWS does not supply drinking water to any other drinking water systems.

1.2 Major Expenses

Planning for major drinking water system expenses is included within Oxford County's Water Services Master Plan and managed according to our Asset Management and Capital Replacement Program.

The Beachville Drinking Water System is one of 14 water systems with revenues and expenses pooled for economy-of-scale purposes. The systems are combined into the Township Water financial system and in 2025 had a forecasted operating and maintenance expenditures of approximately \$4,370,000.

In addition to regular operational and maintenance expenditures, Capital Improvement Projects for the Townships systems were forecasted to be \$2,500,000 for improvements to water treatment systems and replacement of distribution mains in the Township System.

Township Capital Improvement Projects included:

- \$530,000 repair and maintenance on wells, water pump stations, and water treatment facilities;
- \$190,000 for distribution replacements; and
- \$50,000 for facilities improvements.

Capital Improvement projects for all systems included:

- \$1,577,000 to implement a Countywide SCADA Master Plan for all water systems.

2. MICROBIOLOGICAL TESTING

2.1 *E. coli* and Total Coliform

Bacteriological tests for *E. coli* and total coliforms are collected weekly from the raw water at the facility and from the distribution system. Samples of treated water are not required for small municipal systems but may be taken periodically. Extra samples are taken after major repairs or maintenance work. Any *E. coli* or total coliform results above the Maximum Allowable Concentration (MAC) of 0 colonies per 100 mL in treated water samples must be reported to the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) and the Medical Officer of Health (MOH). Resamples and any other required actions are taken as quickly as possible. The results from the annual sampling program are shown in the table below. There were no adverse test results from 105 treated water samples taken in 2025.

Source	Number of Samples	Range of <i>E. coli</i> Min - Max MAC = 0 (colonies / 100 mL)	Range of Total Coliform Min - Max MAC = 0 (colonies / 100 mL)
Raw	52	0	0
Treated	52	0	0
Distribution	53	0	0

2.2 Heterotrophic Plate Count (HPC)

HPC analyses are completed on a weekly basis from the distribution water for small municipal systems. HPC should be less than 500 colonies per 1 mL. Results over 500 colonies per 1 mL may indicate a change in water quality but it is not considered an indicator of unsafe water. Annual results are shown in the following table.

Source	Number of Samples	Range of HPC Min – Max (colonies / mL)
Distribution	52	0 - 500

3. CHEMICAL TESTING

The *Safe Drinking Water Act*, 2002 requires periodic testing of the water for approximately 60 different chemical parameters. The latest results for all parameters are provided in Appendix 'A'. The sampling frequency varies for different types and sizes of water systems and chemical parameters. If the concentration of a parameter is above half of the Maximum Allowable Concentration (MAC) under the Ontario Drinking Water Quality Standards, an increased testing frequency of once every three months is required by O. Reg. 170/03. Where concerns regarding a parameter exist, the MECP can also require additional sampling be undertaken.

Information on the health effects and allowable limits of components in drinking water may be found on the MECP web page through the link provided in Appendix 'A'.

Additional information on common chemical parameters specific to the Beachville Drinking Water System is provided below.

3.1 Hardness

This is an aesthetic parameter that may affect the appearance of the water but is not related to health. Groundwater commonly has high levels of hardness and other minerals from being in contact with underground rock formations. Many households have water softeners to help reduce white calcium deposits and improve the efficiency of soaps. This information is included here to help residents set the water softener at the level recommended by the manufacturer. Samples for hardness are collected at a minimum every three years from the raw water. The hardness for the Beachville Drinking Water System is 315 mg/L (18 grains/gallon) based on an historical running average and operational conditions.

3.2 Required Additional Testing

Under O. Reg. 170/03, additional quarterly sampling is required when a parameter listed in Schedule 23 or 24 exceeds half of the MAC. Based on the latest test results no additional testing is required under O. Reg. 170/03.

No additional testing requirements are listed in the Municipal Drinking Water Licence (MDWL).

4. OPERATIONAL MONITORING

4.1 Chlorine Residual

Free chlorine levels of the treated water are monitored continuously at the discharge point of the Water Treatment Facility. In the distribution system, free chlorine is checked twice weekly at various locations. As a target, free chlorine residual within the distribution system should be above 0.20 mg/L. A free chlorine level lower than 0.05 mg/L must be reported and corrective action taken. A summary of the chlorine residual readings is provided in the following table. There were no reportable incidents in 2025.

4.2 Turbidity

Turbidity of treated water is continuously monitored at the treatment facility as a change in turbidity can indicate an operational problem. As a minimum, turbidity for each well is required to be tested monthly. Turbidity is measured in nephelometric turbidity units (NTU). Under O. Reg. 170/03 turbidity in groundwater from a secure well or a well with effective in-situ filtration is not reportable, however, turbidity should be < 1 NTU at the treatment plant and < 5 NTU in the distribution system. A summary of the annual monitoring results is provided in the following table:

Parameter	Number of Tests or Monitoring Frequency	Range of Results (Min – Max) and Average
Chlorine residual after treatment (mg/L)	Continuous	(0.32 - 3.93) 1.15
Chlorine residual in distribution (mg/L)	103	(0.59 - 1.50) 0.86
Well 1 turbidity before treatment (NTU)	52	(0.37 – 18.00) 1.60
Turbidity after treatment (NTU)	Continuous	(0.12 - 5.16) 0.94

5. WATER QUANTITY

Continuous monitoring of flow rates from supply wells into the treatment system and from the Water Treatment Facility into the distribution system is required by O. Reg. 170/03. The Permit to Take Water (PTTW) and Municipal Drinking Water License (MDWL) issued by the MECP regulate the amount of water that can be utilized over a given time period. Terms used to evaluate capacity and current values for the Beachville DWS are provided in the following table:

Capacity Term	Description	Capacity (m ³ /day)
Supply Capacity	The limiting capacity of either the PTTW or MDWL.	656
Dynamic Supply Capacity	Accounts for any current constraints on the water supply (such as offline wells, reduced well capacity, water quality considerations).	656
Firm Capacity	Firm Capacity is defined as the removal of the highest producing well in an emergency or operational / maintenance situation with the ability to transport a maximum of 100 m ³ /day to maintain system integrity if appropriate.	100
Dynamic Firm Capacity	Considers the removal of the largest production well and other current system constraints. Trucked in water may be considered for some systems.	100

Since this system is comprised of only one supply well, Firm Capacity includes only trucked water of 100 m³/day to account for an event where the well is offline.

A summary comparing flows in 2025 to current capacities is provided in the table below and presented graphically in Appendix 'B'.

Flow Summary	Supply Capacity (m ³ /day)	Dynamic Supply Capacity (m ³ /day)	Max Daily Flow (m ³ /day)	Average Daily Flow (m ³ /day)	Average Monthly Flow (m ³ /month)	Total Yearly Flow (m ³ /year)
Beachville Water Treatment Facility	656	656	89	35	1,059	12,711

6. NON-COMPLIANCE FINDINGS AND ADVERSE RESULTS

This section documents any known incidents of non-compliance or adverse results, and the associated corrective actions taken to resolve the issue. Non-compliance issues are typically identified by either the Operating Authority or the MECP Drinking Water Inspectors. The issues and associated required actions are documented in the system's Annual Inspection Report. All non-compliance issues are investigated and corrective

actions taken and documented using the County's Drinking Water Quality Management System (DWQMS) procedures.

6.1 Non-Compliance Findings

The Annual Drinking MECP Inspection for the Beachville Drinking Water System took place in September 2025. The Inspection Report Rating was 100% and there were no non-compliance findings.

6.2 Adverse Results

Any adverse bacteriological or chemical results or observations of operational conditions that may indicate adverse water quality are reported as required and corrective actions are taken. There were no adverse water quality incidents in 2025.

APPENDIX 'A': SUMMARY OF CHEMICAL RESULTS

UNDERSTANDING CHEMICAL TEST RESULTS

The following tables summarize the laboratory results of the chemical testing the County is required to complete. Different types of parameters are required to be tested at different frequencies as noted below. Explanations on the health impacts of these parameters can be found in the MECP document PSIB 4449e01 titled “Technical Support Document for Ontario Drinking Water Standards, Objectives and Guidelines” available at https://cvc.ca/wp-content/uploads/2011/03/std01_079707.pdf.

Results are shown as concentrations with units of either milligrams per litre (mg/L) or micrograms per litre (µg/L) where 1 mg/L is equal to 1000 µg/L. The Maximum Acceptable Concentration (MAC) is the highest amount of a parameter that is acceptable in municipal drinking water and can be found in the MECP Drinking Water Standards. The Method Detection Limit (MDL) is the lowest amount to which the laboratory can confidently measure. A result of “ND” stands for “Not Detected” and means that the concentration of the chemical is lower than the laboratory’s equipment is capable of measuring. In the event that some sample results are ND, and other results are above the MDL, the value of the MDL will be used in place of the ND where an average result must be calculated. Where all collected samples are ND, the average sample result will be assumed to be ND.

Nitrate and nitrite samples are required every three months in normal operation.

Parameter	Number of Samples	Result Range Min – Max (mg/L)	Average Result (mg/L)	MAC (mg/L)	MDL (mg/L)
Nitrite	4	ND	ND	1.0	0.003
Nitrate	4	1.35 - 1.64	1.488	10.0	0.006

Trihalomethane (THM) and total Haloacetic Acids (HAA) are by-products of the disinfection process. The samples are required every three months from the distribution system.

Parameter	Number of Samples	Annual Average (µg/L)	MAC (µg/L)	MDL (µg/L)
Trihalomethane (THM)	4	15.5	100	0.37
Haloacetic Acids (HAA)	4	ND	80	5.3

The following table summarizes the most recent test results for sodium and fluoride. Testing and reporting any adverse results is required every five years.

Parameter	Sample Date	Result Value (mg/L)	MAC (mg/L)	MDL (mg/L)
Sodium	August 16, 2021	15.7	20*	0.01
Fluoride	August 16, 2021	0.69	1.5**	0.06

*Sodium levels between 20 – 200 mg/L must be reported every five years.

**Natural levels of fluoride between 1.5 – 2.4 mg/L must be reported every five years.

The following table summarizes the most recent results for the Lead Testing Program. Lead samples are taken every three years. Levels of alkalinity and pH are monitored twice per year in the distribution system to ensure water quality is consistent and does not facilitate leaching of lead into the water.

Parameter	Number of Samples	Result Range Min - Max	Acceptable Level
Distribution Alkalinity 2025	2	240 – 247 mg/L	30 – 500 mg/L
Distribution pH 2025	2	7.27 - 7.46	6.5 – 8.5
Distribution Lead 2025	1	0.07 µg/L	10 µg/L MAC

The following table summarizes the most recent test results for Schedule 23. Testing is required every five years for secure groundwater wells in small systems.

Parameter	Sample Date	Result Value (µg/L)	MAC (µg/L)	MDL (µg/L)
Antimony	May 27, 2024	ND	6	0.6
Arsenic	May 27, 2024	1.6	10	0.2
Barium	May 27, 2024	69.4	1000	0.02
Boron	May 27, 2024	36	5000	2
Cadmium	May 27, 2024	0.030	5	0.003
Chromium	May 27, 2024	0.23	50	0.08
Mercury	May 27, 2024	ND	1	0.01
Selenium	May 27, 2024	0.32	50	0.04
Uranium	May 27, 2024	0.554	20	0.002

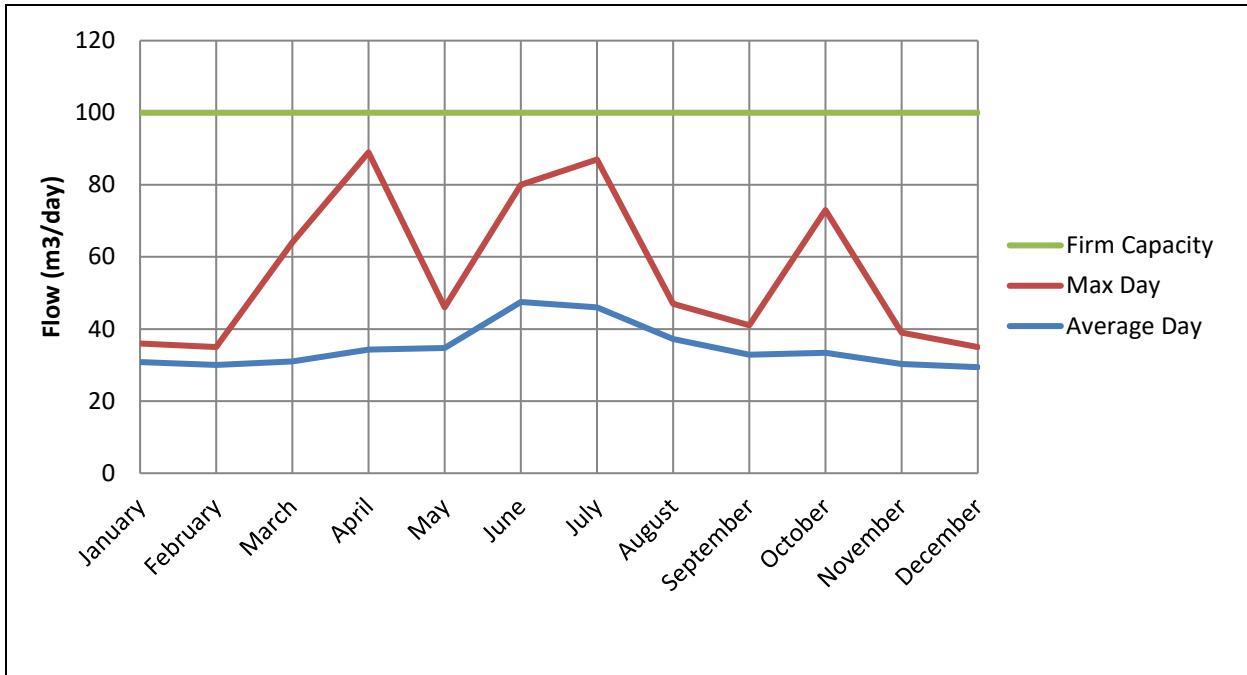
The following table summarizes the most recent test results for Schedule 24. Testing is required every five years for secure groundwater wells in small systems.

Parameter	Sample Date	Result (µg/L)	MAC (µg/L)	MDL (µg/L)
Alachlor	June 7, 2021	ND	5	0.02
Atrazine + N-dealkylated metabolites	June 7, 2021	ND	5	0.01
Azinphos-methyl	June 7, 2021	ND	20	0.05
Benzene	June 7, 2021	ND	1	0.32
Benzo(a)pyrene	June 7, 2021	ND	0.01	0.004
Bromoxynil	June 7, 2021	ND	5	0.33
Carbaryl	June 7, 2021	ND	90	0.05
Carbofuran	June 7, 2021	ND	90	0.01
Carbon Tetrachloride	June 7, 2021	ND	2	0.17
Chlorpyrifos	June 7, 2021	ND	90	0.02
Diazinon	June 7, 2021	ND	20	0.02
Dicamba	June 7, 2021	ND	120	0.20
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	June 7, 2021	ND	200	0.41
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	June 7, 2021	ND	5	0.36
1,2-Dichloroethane	June 7, 2021	ND	5	0.35
1,1-Dichloroethylene (vinylidene chloride)	June 7, 2021	ND	14	0.33
Dichloromethane	June 7, 2021	ND	50	0.35
2-4 Dichlorophenol	June 7, 2021	ND	900	0.15
2,4-Dichlorophenoxy acetic acid (2,4-D)	June 7, 2021	ND	100	0.19
Diclofop-methyl	June 7, 2021	ND	9	0.40
Dimethoate	June 7, 2021	ND	20	0.06
Diquat	June 7, 2021	ND	70	1

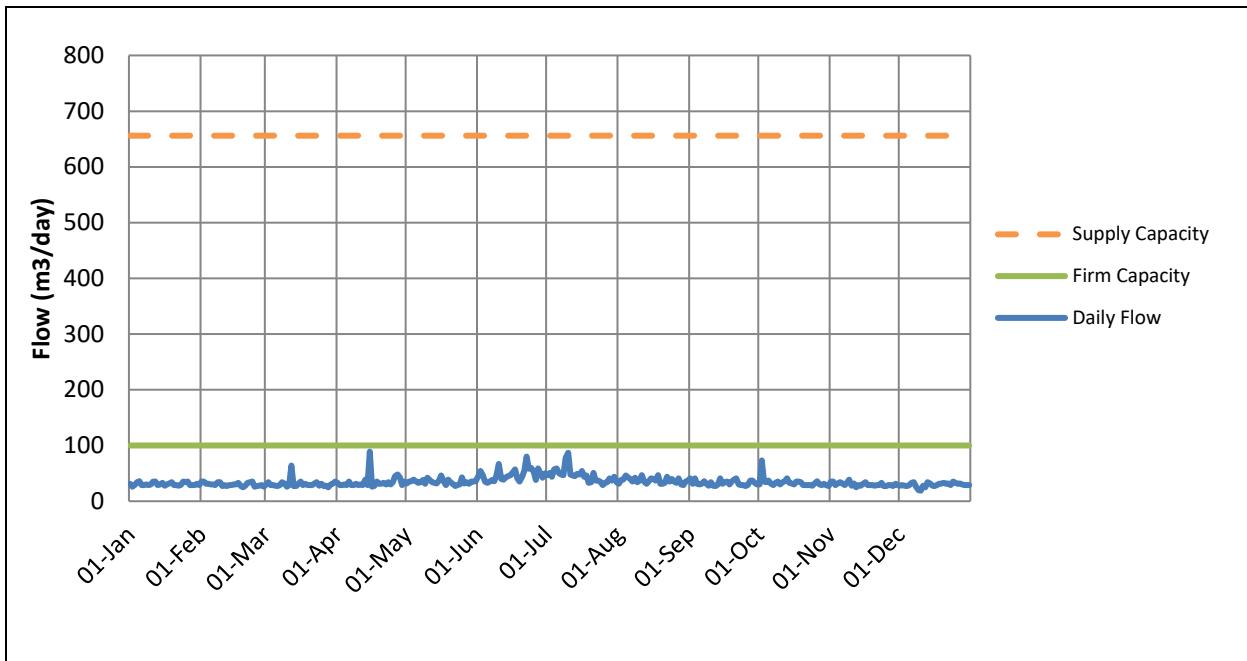
Parameter	Sample Date	Result ($\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$)	MAC ($\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$)	MDL ($\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$)
Diuron	June 7, 2021	ND	150	0.03
Glyphosate	June 7, 2021	ND	280	1
Malathion	June 7, 2021	ND	190	0.02
2-Methyl-4-chlorophenoxyacetic acid (MCPA)	June 7, 2021	ND	100	0.12
Metolachlor	June 7, 2021	ND	50	0.01
Metribuzin	June 7, 2021	ND	80	0.02
Monochlorobenzene	June 7, 2021	ND	80	0.30
Paraquat	June 7, 2021	ND	10	1
Pentachlorophenol	June 7, 2021	ND	60	0.15
Phorate	June 7, 2021	ND	2	0.01
Picloram	June 7, 2021	ND	190	1
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)	June 7, 2021	ND	3	0.04
Prometryne	June 7, 2021	ND	1	0.03
Simazine	June 7, 2021	ND	10	0.01
Terbufos	June 7, 2021	ND	1	0.01
Tetrachloroethylene	June 7, 2021	ND	10	0.35
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	June 7, 2021	ND	100	0.20
Triallate	June 7, 2021	ND	230	0.01
Trichloroethylene	June 7, 2021	ND	5	0.44
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	June 7, 2021	ND	5	0.25
Trifluralin	June 7, 2021	ND	45	0.02
Vinyl Chloride	June 7, 2021	ND	1	0.17

APPENDIX 'B': WATER QUANTITY SUMMARY

2025 Average vs Maximum Daily Flow Rates



2025 Daily Flow Summary



In 2025, the Beachville Supply Capacity and Dynamic Supply Capacity were the same as were the Firm Capacity and the Dynamic Firm Capacity.