

2022 Annual Drinking Water System Summary Report

Drumbo-Princeton Drinking Water System

GENERAL INFORMATION

Oxford County (the County) prepares a report summarizing system operation and water quality for every municipal drinking water system annually. The reports detail the latest water quality testing results, water quantity statistics and any adverse conditions that may have occurred for the previous year. They are available for review by the end of February on the County website at www.oxfordcounty.ca/drinkingwater or by contacting the Public Works Department.

All efforts have been made to ensure the information presented in this report is accurate. If you have any questions or comments concerning the report please contact the County at the address and phone number listed below or by email at water@oxfordcounty.ca.

Drinking Water System: Drumbo-Princeton Drinking Water System

Drinking Water System Number: 220007515

Reporting Period: January 1, 2022 – December 31, 2022

Drinking Water System Owner & Contact Information:

Oxford County Public Works Department - Water Services

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1.1 System Description

The Drumbo-Princeton Drinking Water System is a Large Municipal Water system as defined by Ontario Regulation (O.Reg.) 170/03 and serves a population of approximately 1,615. The system consists of three wells that are secure groundwater, connected to a central treatment facility all located in Drumbo. The facility houses high lift pumps, monitoring equipment, and a 516 m³ reservoir. Treatment consists of the addition of sodium hypochlorite for disinfection and sodium silicate to sequester iron, which improves water quality. A standby generator is available to run the facility in the event of a power failure. The two communities are linked by a transmission main. In Princeton, there is a pressure control facility with chlorine residual monitoring, rechlorination equipment, and a 271 m³ storage standpipe.

In 2022, approximately 3,075 L of sodium hypochlorite and 1640 L (2320kg) of sodium silicate were used in the water treatment process. These chemicals are certified to meet standards set by the Standards Council of Canada or the American National Standards Institute.

The system is maintained by licensed water system operators, who operate treatment and monitoring equipment and collect samples as specified by the Regulation. Alarms automatically notify operators in the event of failure of critical operational requirements.

1.2 Major Expenses

The Drumbo-Princeton Drinking Water System is one of 14 water systems that have revenues and expenses pooled for economy of scale purposes. The systems are combined into the Township Water financial system and in 2022 had an operating and maintenance expenditures of approximately \$3,300,000.

In addition to regular operational and maintenance expenditures, Capital Improvement Projects for the Townships systems totaled \$1,800,000 for improvements to water treatment systems and replacement of distribution mains in the Township System.

Township Capital Improvement Projects included:

- \$228,000 R&M on Wells, Water Pump stations, and Water Treatment Facilities
- \$940,000 distribution replacements
 \$225,000 for facilities improvements

Capital Improvement projects for all systems included:

- \$625,000 to develop Countywide SCADA Master Plan for all water systems
- \$150,000 to develop Countywide Water Servicing Master Plan for all water systems

2. MICROBIOLOGICAL TESTING

2.1 E. coli and Total Coliform

Bacteriological tests for *E. coli* and total coliforms are required weekly from the raw and treated water at the facility and from the distribution system. Extra samples are taken after major repairs or maintenance work. Any *E. coli* or total coliform results above 0 in treated water sample must be reported to the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) and Medical Officer of Health (MOH). Resamples and any other required actions are taken as quickly as possible. The results from the 2022 sampling program are shown on the table below. There were no adverse test results from 208 treated water samples in this reporting period.

	Number of Samples	Range of E. coli Results Min - Max MAC = 0	Range of Total Coliform Results Min - Max MAC = 0
Raw	156	0	0
Treated	52	0	0
Distribution	156	0	0

2.2 Heterotrophic Plate Count (HPC)

HPC analyses are required from the treated and distribution water. The tests are required weekly for treated water and for 25% of the required distribution system bacteriological samples. HPC should be less than 500 colonies per 1 mL. Results over 500 colonies per 1 mL may indicate a change in water quality but it is not considered an indicator of unsafe water. 2022 results are shown in the table below.

		Range of HPC
	Number of Samples	Min - Max
Treated	52	0 - 6
Distribution	39	0 - 8

3. CHEMICAL TESTING

The Safe Drinking Water Act requires periodic testing of the water for approximately 60 different chemical parameters. The latest results for all parameters are provided in Appendix A. The sampling frequency varies for different types and sizes of water systems and chemical parameters. If the concentration of a parameter is above half of the Maximum Allowable Concentration (MAC) under the Ontario Drinking Water Quality Standards, an increased testing frequency of once every three months is required by the Regulation. Where concerns regarding a parameter exist, the MECP can also require additional sampling be undertaken.

Information on the health effects and allowable limits of components in drinking water may be found on the MECP web page through the link provided in Appendix A. Additional information on common chemical parameters specific to the Drumbo-Princeton Drinking Water System is provided below.

3.1 Hardness, Iron, and Manganese

These are aesthetic parameters that may affect the appearance of the water but are not related to health. Well water commonly has high levels of hardness and other minerals from being in contact with underground rock formations. Many households have water softeners to help reduce white calcium deposits, improve the efficiency of soaps and reduce iron levels. This information is included here to help set the water softener at the level recommended by the manufacturer. Samples for hardness are collected at a minimum every 3 years from raw water. The Hardness for the Drumbo-Princeton Drinking Water System was tested in 2022 and ranged from 303 - 365 mg/L (18 - 21 grains/gallon).

Levels of iron less than 0.30 mg/L (ppm) are not considered to cause aesthetic problems such as discoloured water. In Drumbo-Princeton, sodium silicate is added to keep the iron in suspension at wells 1 and 2A. Manganese is commonly found in conjunction with iron and also causes discoloured water. Manganese levels in this system are above a new proposed aesthetic objective of 0.02 mg/L.

- The average iron level in 2022 was 0.329 mg/L (ppm).
- The average manganese level in 2022 was 0.033 mg/L (ppm).

3.2 Additional Testing Required by MECP

None.

4. OPERATIONAL MONITORING

4.1 Chlorine Residual

Free chlorine levels of the treated water are monitored continuously at the discharge point of the Water Treatment Facility. In the distribution system, free chlorine is checked twice weekly at various locations. As a target, free chlorine residual within the distribution system should be above 0.20 mg/L. A free chlorine level lower than 0.05 mg/L must be reported and corrective action taken. There were no reportable incidents in 2022. A summary of the chlorine residual readings is provided in the table below in section 4.2. The maximum free chlorine residual in the distribution system may exceed that of the residual collected post treatment due to re-chlorination of the distribution water in Princeton.

4.2 Turbidity

Turbidity of treated water is continuously monitored at the treatment facility as a change in turbidity can indicate an operational problem. As a minimum, turbidity for each well is required to be tested monthly. Turbidity is measured in nephelometric turbidity units (NTU). Under O.Reg. 170/03 turbidity in groundwater from a secure well or a well with effective in-situ filtration is not reportable however turbidity should be < 1 NTU at the treatment plant and < 5 NTU in the distribution system. A summary of the monitoring results for 2022 is provided in the table below.

Parameter	Number of Tests or Monitoring Frequency	Range of Results (Min – Max) and Average		
Chlorine residual after treatment (mg/L)	Continuous	(0.95 - 2.30) 1.39		
Chlorine residual in distribution (mg/L)	Continuous	(0.75 – 2.35) 1.31		
Well 1 turbidity before treatment (NTU)	52	(0.13 - 0.94) 0.45		
Well 2A turbidity before treatment (NTU)	52	(0.10 - 0.90) 0.48		
Well 3 turbidity before treatment (NTU)	52	(0.12 - 0.94) 0.50		
Turbidity after treatment (NTU)	Continuous	(1.77 - 0.18) 0.28		

5. WATER QUANTITY

Continuous monitoring of flow rates from supply wells into the treatment system and from the Water Treatment Facility into the distribution system is required by O.Reg. 170/03. The Municipal Drinking Water License and Permit to Take Water (PTTW) issued by the MECP regulate the amount of water that can be utilized over a given time period. A summary of the 2022 flows are provided in the table below and presented graphically in Appendix B.

Flow Summary	Quantity
Permit to Take Water Limit	1,329 m ³ /d
Municipal Drinking Water License Limit	1,329 m ³ /d
2022 Average Daily Flow	289 m ³
2022 Maximum Daily Flow	608 m ³
2022 Average Monthly Flow	8,792 m ³
2022 Total Amount of Water Supplied	105,508 m ³

A review of the available supply capacity and the anticipated growth forecasted for the community indicates that the system has sufficient capacity over the 20 year planning horizon.

Firm Capacity of this system is rated at 709 m³/day. Firm Capacity is defined as the removal of the highest producing well in an emergency or operational / maintenance situation with the ability to transport a maximum of 100 m³/day if necessary to maintain system integrity. This system comprises of three supply wells. Well 3 is removed for Firm Capacity calculations. The remaining Wells 1 and 2 have a capacity of 609 m³/day.

6. NON-COMPLIANCE FINDINGS AND ADVERSE RESULTS

This section documents any known incidents of non-compliance or adverse results and the associated correction actions taken to resolve the issue. Non-compliance issues are typically identified by either the Operating Authority or the MECP Drinking Water Inspectors. The issues and associated required actions are documented by the Inspectors in the system's Annual Inspection Report. All non-compliance issues are investigated, corrective actions taken and documented using the County's Drinking Water Quality Management System (DWQMS) procedures.

6.1 Non-Compliance Findings

The annual MECP inspection took place in October 2022. There were no non-compliance findings and the 2022 Inspection Report Rating was 100%.

6.2 Adverse Results

Any adverse results from bacteriological, chemical samples or observations of operational conditions that indicate adverse water quality are reported as required and corrective actions are taken. There were no adverse or reportable occurrences in 2022.

APPENDIX A: SUMMARY OF CHEMICAL RESULTS

UNDERSTANDING CHEMICAL TEST RESULTS

The following tables summarize the laboratory results of the chemical testing the County is required to complete. Different types of parameters are required to be tested for at different frequencies as noted below. Explanations on the health impacts of these parameters can be found in the MECP document PSIB 4449e01 titled "Technical Support Document for Ontario Drinking Water Standards, Objectives and Guidelines" available at https://cvc.ca/wp-content/uploads/2011/03/std01_079707.pdf.

Results are shown as concentrations with units of either milligrams per litre (mg/L) or micrograms per litre (μ g/L). 1 mg/L is equal to 1000 μ g/L. The Maximum Acceptable Concentration (MAC) is the highest amount of a parameter that is acceptable in Municipal drinking water and can be found in the MECP Drinking Water Standards. The Method Detection Limit (MDL) is the lowest amount to which the laboratory can confidently measure. A result of "ND" stands for "Not Detected" and means that the concentration of the chemical is lower than the laboratory's equipment is capable of measuring. In the event that some samples results are ND, and other results are above the MDL, the value of the MDL will be used in place of the ND where an average result must be calculated. Where all collected samples are ND the average sample result will be assumed to be ND.

Nitrate and nitrite samples are required every 3 months in normal operation.

Parameter	Number of Tests	Result Range Min – Max (mg/L)	Average Result (mg/L)	MAC (mg/L)	MDL (mg/L)
Nitrite	4	ND - 0.004	0.003	1.0	0.003
Nitrate	4	0.697 - 0.773	0.740	10.0	0.006

Trihalomethane (THM) and total Haloacetic Acids (HAA) are by-products of the disinfection process. The samples are required every 3 months from the distribution system.

Parameter	Annual Average	Result Value (μg/L)	MAC (μg/L)	MDL (µg/L)
Trihalomethane (THM)	2022	12.9	100	0.37
Haloacetic Acids (HAA)	2022	ND	80	5.3

The following Table summarizes the most recent test results for Sodium and Fluoride. Testing and reporting any adverse results is required every 5 years.

Parameter	Sample Date	Result Value (mg/L)	MAC (mg/L)	MDL (mg/L)
Sodium	August 16, 2021	11.4	20*	0.01
Fluoride	August 16, 2021	0.16	1.5**	0.06

^{*}Sodium levels between 20 – 200 mg/L must be reported every 5 years.

^{**}Natural levels of fluoride between 1.5 – 2.4 mg/L must be reported every 5 years.

The following Table summarizes the most recent results for the Lead Testing Program. Lead samples are taken every 3 years. Levels of alkalinity and pH are monitored twice per year in the distribution system to ensure water quality is consistent and does not facilitate leaching of lead into the water.

Parameter	Result Range (Min - Max)	Number of Samples	Acceptable Level
Distribution Alkalinity 2022	258 – 262	4	30 – 500mg/L
Distribution pH 2022	7.45 – 7.85	4	6.5 – 8.5
Distribution Lead 2021	0.01 - 0.25	4	10 μg/L MAC

The following Table summarizes the most recent test results for Schedule 23. Testing is required every 3 years for secure groundwater wells in large systems.

Parameter	Sample Date	Result Value (μg/L)	MAC (μg/L)	MDL (µg/L)
Antimony	May 30, 2022	ND	6	0.6
Arsenic	May 30, 2022	1.1	10	0.2
Barium	May 30, 2022	167	1000	0.02
Boron	May 30, 2022	32	5000	2
Cadmium	May 30, 2022	0.010	5	0.003
Chromium	May 30, 2022	0.21	50	0.08
Mercury	May 30, 2022	ND	1	0.01
Selenium	May 30, 2022	ND	50	0.04
Uranium	May 30, 2022	0.804	20	0.002

The following Table summarizes the most recent test results for Schedule 24. Testing is required every 3 years for secure groundwater wells in large systems.

Parameter	Sample Date	Result (µg/L)	MAC (μg/L)	MDL (μg/L)
Alachlor	June 7, 2021	ND	5	0.02
Atrazine + N-dealkylatedmetobolites	June 7, 2021	ND	5	0.01
Azinphos-methyl	June 7, 2021	ND	20	0.05
Benzene	June 7, 2021	ND	1	0.32
Benzo(a)pyrene	June 7, 2021	ND	0.01	0.004
Bromoxynil	June 7, 2021	ND	5	0.33
Carbaryl	June 7, 2021	ND	90	0.05
Carbofuran	June 7, 2021	ND	90	0.01
Carbon Tetrachloride	June 7, 2021	ND	2	0.17
Chlorpyrifos	June 7, 2021	ND	90	0.02
Chlorpyrifos	June 7, 2021	ND	90	0.02
Diazinon	June 7, 2021	ND	20	0.02
Dicamba	June 7, 2021	ND	120	0.20
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	June 7, 2021	ND	200	0.41
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	June 7, 2021	ND	5	0.36
1,2-Dichloroethane	June 7, 2021	ND	5	0.35
1,1-Dichloroethylene (vinylidene chloride)	June 7, 2021	ND	14	0.33
Dichloromethane	June 7, 2021	ND	50	0.35
2-4 Dichlorophenol	June 7, 2021	ND	900	0.15
2,4-Dichlorophenoxy acetic acid (2,4-D)	June 7, 2021	ND	100	0.19
Diclofop-methyl	June 7, 2021	ND	9	0.40

Parameter	Sample Date	Result (µg/L)	MAC (μg/L)	MDL (µg/L)
Dimethoate	June 7, 2021	ND	20	0.06
Diquat	June 7, 2021	ND	70	1
Diuron	June 7, 2021	ND	150	0.03
Glyphosate	June 7, 2021	ND	280	1
Malathion	June 7, 2021	ND	190	0.02
2-methyl-4chlorophenoxyacetic acid (MCPA)	June 7, 2021	ND	100	0.12
Metolachlor	June 7, 2021	ND	50	0.01
Metribuzin	June 7, 2021	ND	80	0.02
Monochlorobenzene	June 7, 2021	ND	80	0.30
Paraquat	June 7, 2021	ND	10	1
Pentachlorophenol	June 7, 2021	ND	60	0.15
Phorate	June 7, 2021	ND	2	0.01
Picloram	June 7, 2021	ND	190	1
Polychlorinated Biphenyls(PCB)	June 7, 2021	ND	3	0.04
Prometryne	June 7, 2021	ND	1	0.03
Simazine	June 7, 2021	ND	10	0.01
Terbufos	June 7, 2021	ND	1	0.01
Tetrachloroethylene	June 7, 2021	ND	10	0.35
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	June 7, 2021	ND	100	0.20
Triallate	June 7, 2021	ND	230	0.01
Trichloroethylene	June 7, 2021	ND	5	0.44
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	June 7, 2021	ND	5	0.25
Trifluralin	June 7, 2021	ND	45	0.02
Vinyl Chloride	June 7, 2021	ND	1	0.17

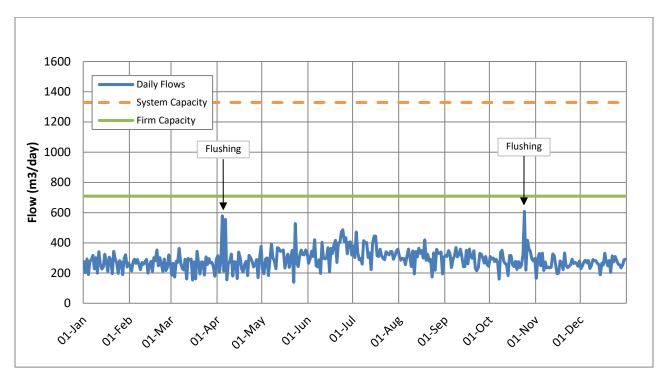
APPENDIX B: WATER QUANTITY SUMMARY

Drumbo-Princeton Drinking Water System Firm Capacity 709 m³/ day Drumbo-Princeton Drinking Water System Supply Capacity 1,329 m³/ day

Average vs Maximum Daily Flow Rates



2022 Daily Flow



2022 Total Production by Well

